Tertiary Surveys - Maximising Opportunities for Better Care

Dr Greer Janssen, Auckland District Health Board, Auckland, New Zealand Professor Ian Civil, Auckland District Health Board, Auckland, New Zealand

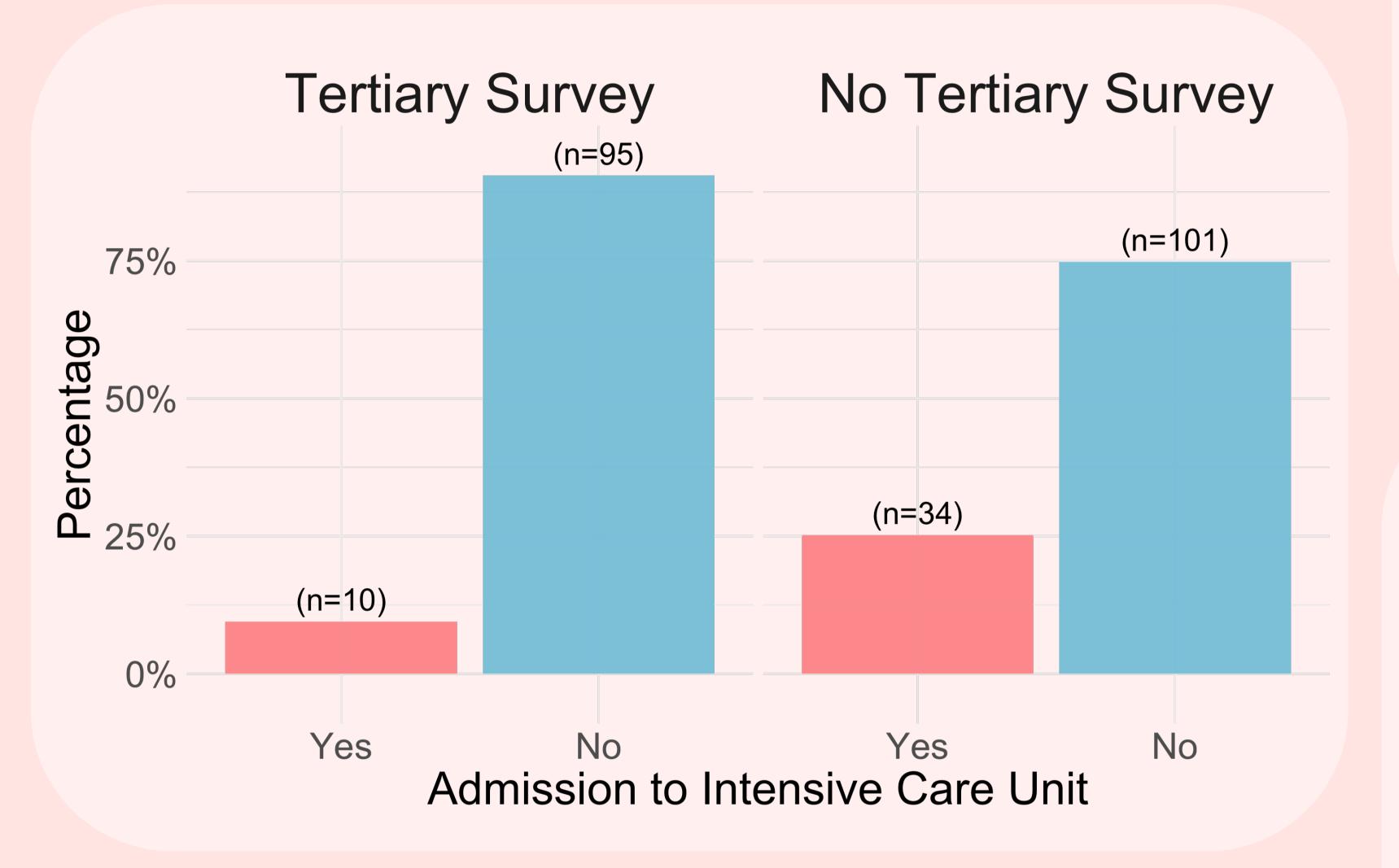
Purpose

Tertiary surveys have been shown to reduce the incidence of missed injuries in complex trauma at Auckland City Hospital (ACH). Missed injuries can impact patient treatment, long term recovery, and quality of life. However, not all patients have a tertiary survey before discharge. The present study aims to determine the demographic, process of care, and injury patterns of patients who did not receive a tertiary survey and describe barriers to getting tertiary surveys.

Methods

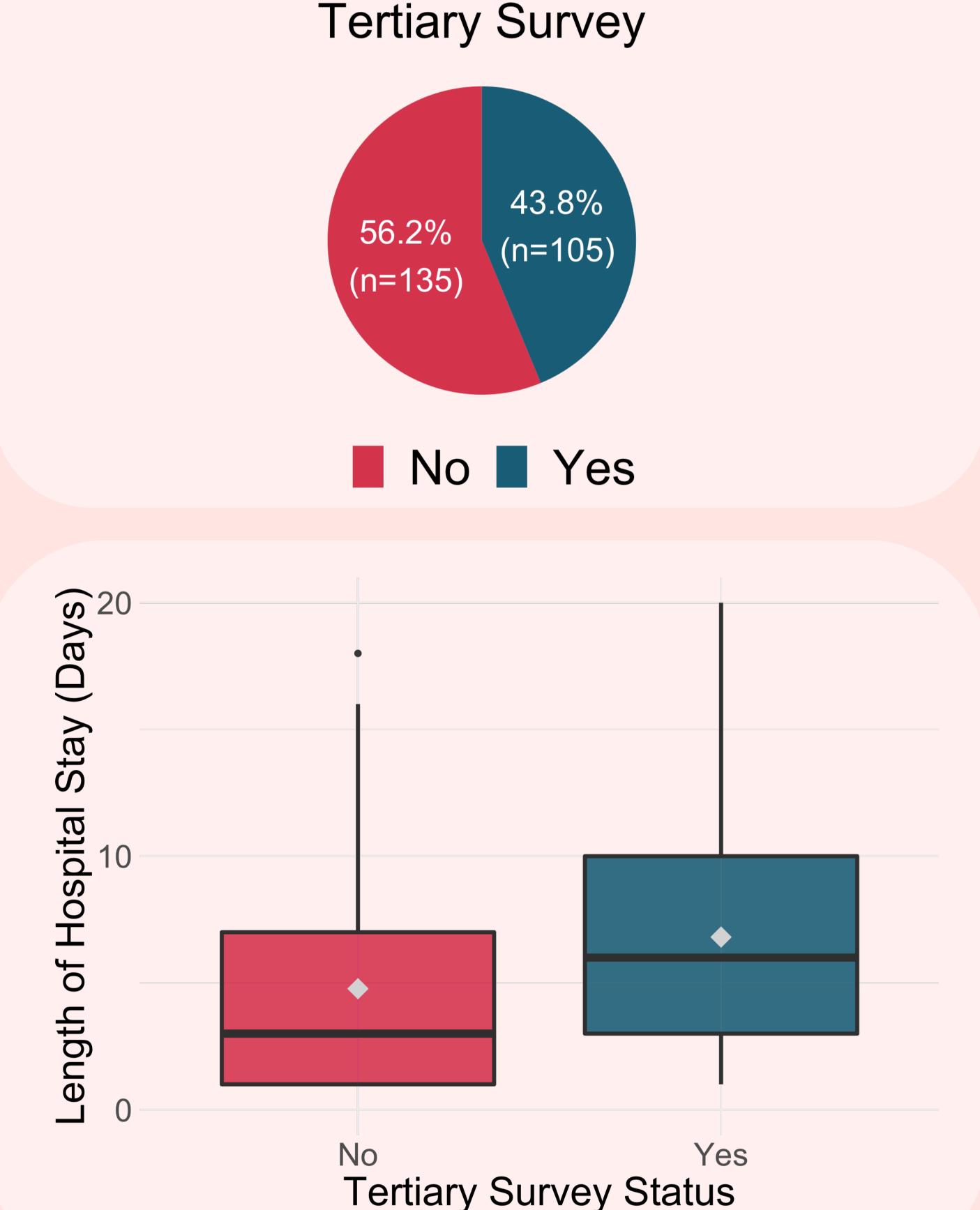
All patients admitted to ACH with blunt trauma undergoing a trauma call in a 6 month period were included. Variables including AIS, ISS, TRISS, duration of admission, and mortality were compared in R statistical software.

Results

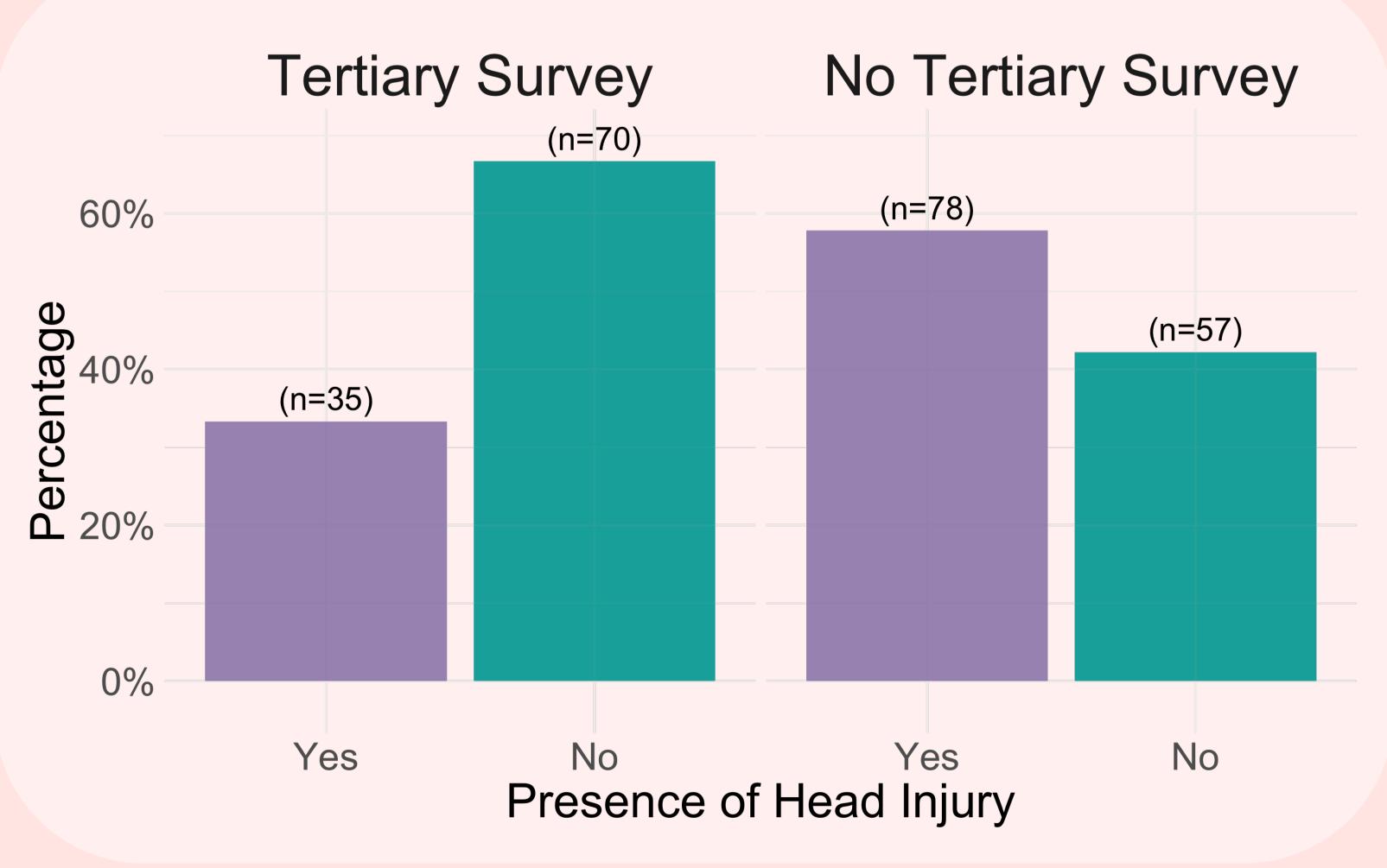


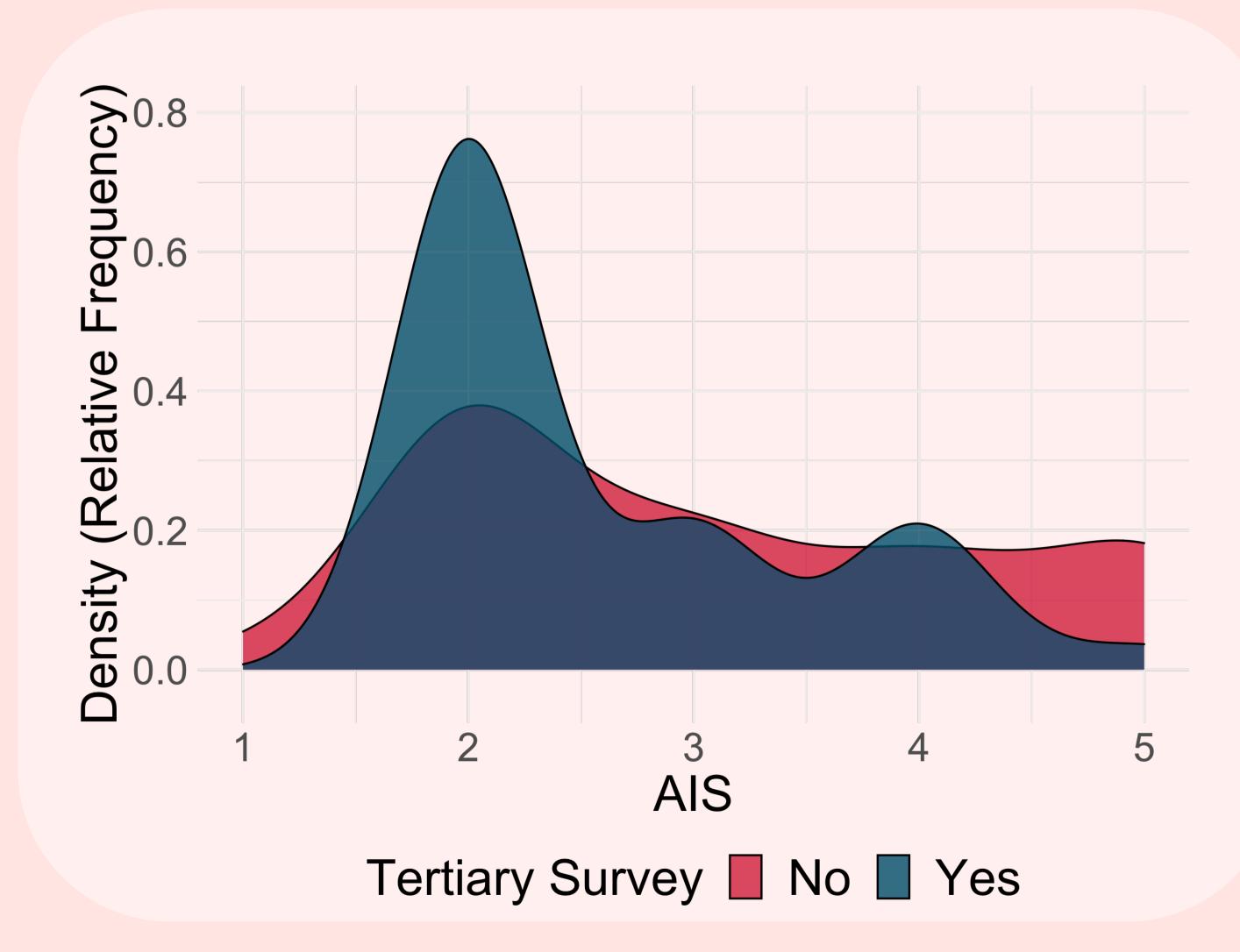


- Significant head injury
- ICU admission
- Short Hospital Stay



Frequency of





Conclusions

Trauma patients with short hospital stays, significant head injuries, or ICU admissions are less likely to receive a tertiary survey and this patient population may benefit from early identification and development of processes and assessment tools to facilitate tertiary surveys to improve patient care and long-term outcomes.